Layout Suggestions For Rooms
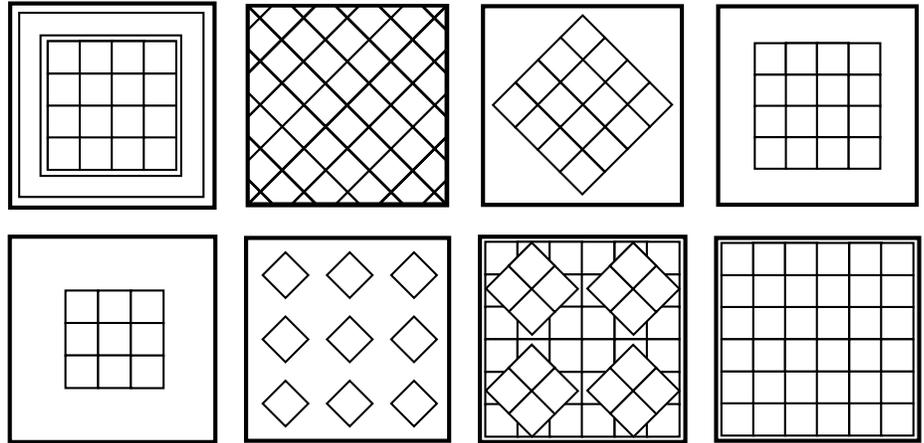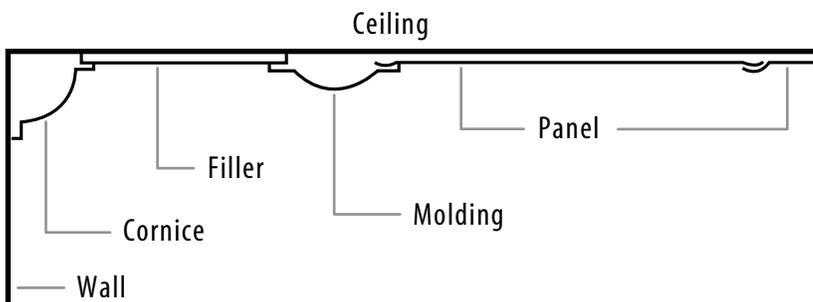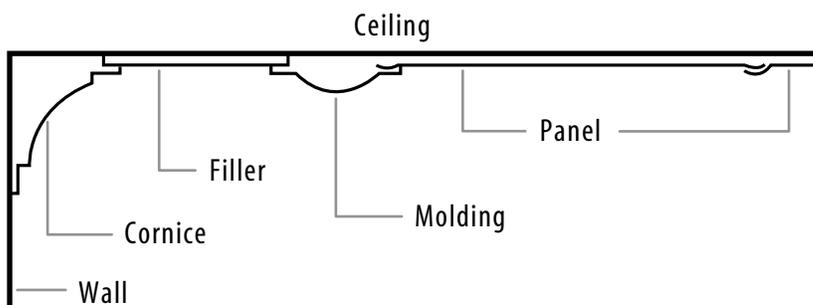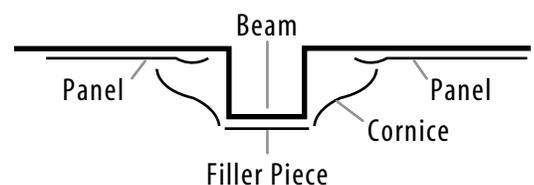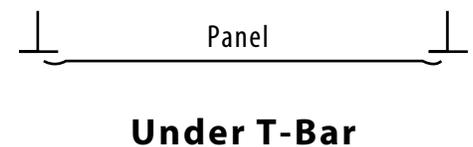
Our Panels have been installed on:
- Ceilings
- Walls
- Store Display Windows
- Backsplash Areas
- Display Counters
- Around Fireplaces
- Cupboards
- Doors
- Accent Pieces
- Mirrors
- Wainscotting
- Head Boards
- Heat Shields around Stoves and more...

Ceiling Installation Diagrams

Ceiling

Panel

Filler

Molding

Cornice

Wall

Ceiling

Panel

Filler

Molding

Cornice

Wall

T-Bar and Beam Installation

Panel

Above T-Bar

Panel

Under T-Bar

Beam

Panel

Panel

Cornice

Filler Piece
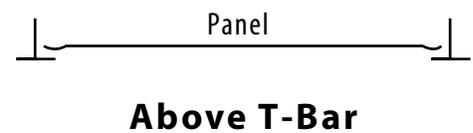
Around a Beam

Installation Tips

Ceiling

Ceiling

Wall

Panel

Molding

Filler

Cornice

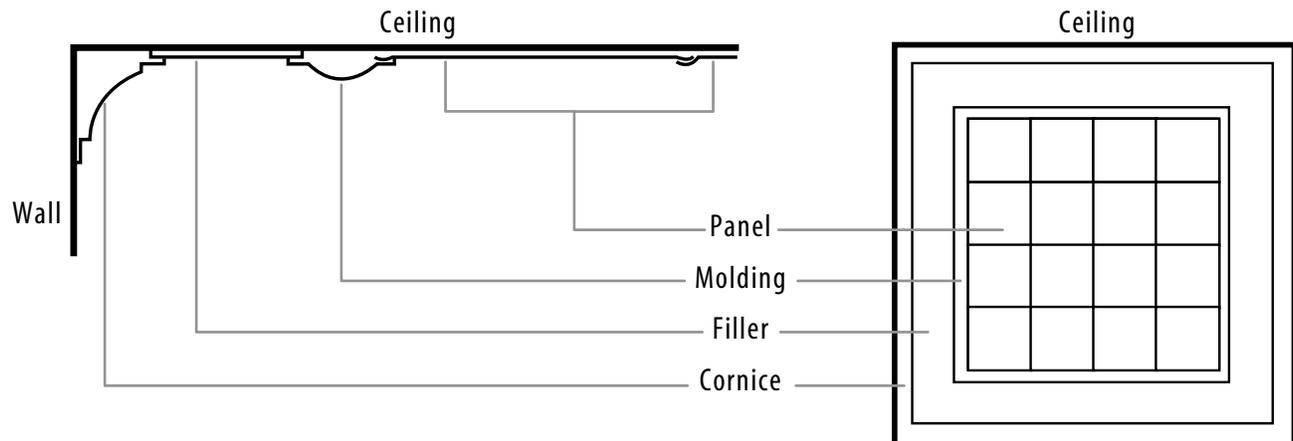1. Draw a plan to scale of your ceiling or wall, showing the layout of the panels, moldings, fillers, and cornices you wish to use.

2. Cover your ceiling or wall with wood (most commonly used is mahogany or plywood), making sure the work area is level, flat and smooth.

3. Transfer your layout plan to the ceiling or wall by making a grid work with a chalk line.

4. The installation starting point will depend on which design layout you have selected.
    • Panels – begin at the farthest wall or most seen area from the main entrance of the room and work in rows back towards the main entry.
    • Medallion and/or Centre Panels – begin in the centre of the room and work your way out and around the surface.

5. Begin installing by overlapping the panels, moldings, fillers, and cornices, making sure these items 'lap away' from the prevailing light, main entrance, or main viewing area.
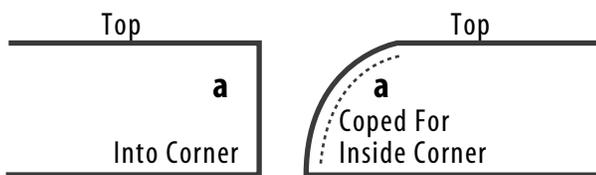
6. Nail approximately every 6" around the outside edges of the tin panel.
   Use one of the following:
   • Dome head nails (can be purchased with panels)
   • #4 pan head screws (can be purchased with panels)
   • Air operated nailer or stapler (eg. brad nailer)
   • Industrial strength panel adhesive

7. Miter the cornice corners (inside corners are coped, outside corners are mitered).

Coped Joints   ## Mitered Joints

Top	Top	Top	Top
a	**a**	**b**	**b**
Into Corner	Coped For Inside Corner	Outside Miter	Outside Miter
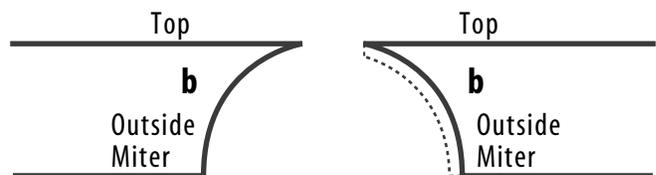
8. Tap any loose seams together with a small piece of wood.

9. Caulk panel, molding, filler, and cornice seams to create a smooth and tight fit.
   • Painted panels – use painter's caulking
   • Plated and/or bright tin panels – use a clear caulking at your discretion (sometimes not needed)

10. Panels can be painted or left in bright tin depending on personal preference.
    • If painted – use a bonding primer that will adhere to metal, then finish with oil or latex paint (oil is preferred)
    • If left in tin finish – coat with a clear lacquer or polyurethane (It is always best to do a test spot before starting)

Ceiling Installation In Progress